Tactory in Erfart. Observationant MISEE, on the other hand, was a Gorman professional soldier. Provinced also was MUSTIMMAND & MUSTIM known in the office as "the Englishman". This man, who was a shipping agent on the Test Coast of Africa before the war, accesse to have directed the activities of a certain MUPF and VAN TAIRS and to have controlled the working of the transmitters despond to Belland which came unless Absolut control, of which wireless links there were a number; in all ten different lines were maintained on this traffic and were kept up for approximately elabteen months, being finally closed down in February 1944. Under MUNICIAMAND were a number of characters who worked outside the effice and performed the actual tast of making contact with seconds of resistance with a vice to penetrating the organizations for which they were working. The principal amount these were TAN VALET, a Dutchman, and ANNAUL, a Gerean who appears to manuscrate as a lamb and who had worked for the Atwelst since 1959. Posing as a member of the Underground Movement, VAN VILET, who appears to be the principal penetration agent, managed to trace a maker of the Underground Movement, VAN VILET, who appears to term them round. Abteining ITIF could cant on a substantial number of other individuals who were prepared to perform similar functions.

Tridence that 3.0.1. Organisation was under control at an early date.

Inclinit to establish the secret army illustrates the methods of opted by Abtellum IIIs and shows that the energy were not marely successful in fauntrating the interprise but in singuished their advantage.

JUNIORES arrived in Holland in Jane 1942 and there are indications that he never operated except under the control of the Dermane. Sucher this is correct or not, the organisation was under control by the beginning of Howenber of the same year.

Although suspicion was arrowed in London that all was not well in July 1945 when, after consideration the conclusion was reached that JOHANIES successor, KALS, was in dammer, it was not until later that J.O.S. had any serious doubts regarding the organisation as a whole. In fact the organisation was operating the organisation as a whole. In fact the organisation was containly under Comman control from the end of 1942; was cost probably under control from the summer of that year (possibly August 1948) and it is very likely that it never operated at all except under control and that the formans captured JOHANIES on or shortly after his arrival.

JOHARRES was dropped in June 1922 then the "Flan for Bolland" was set in motion. He was followed by another 5.0.5. arent, a certain BROADSAR, who arrived in the field in February 1943, being dropped to a reception committee arranged by the agent FARSER. BROADSAR, who was identical with a man called TRANS, and two other agents, one of whom was recruited locally in the field, were agreeted and worked for the Germans as double arents. After the had worked for this way for a few months a message was received from England compretulating them on the good work they had done and instructions than to return, and the steps taken by the Germans to deal with this situation are interesting. It is certain that at some date Excalable did come under control, and if he came under control on arrival in the field, as appears probable or at least possible. The

An examination of the facts which are set out bereafter supports the view that IIIF were in control at a very early date and that the month of August 1942 would not be very wide of the mark. We also have the evidence of the agent CHIVE, who was arrested by the Germans on making his descent in Helland at the end of Forester 1942 and the was then sent to a concerning that on early.

The interrogation of CHIVE shes he ultimately escaped and returned to this country sade it abundantly clear that at least by the and of 1942 the whole organisation was hopeleasly penetrates.

Statory of S.C.E. Activities and Aberts Counter Activities.

From the outset it had been intended that JOHARNES should return to the U.K. and report after a few months in the field and on the 24th September 1928 KALE was sent to relieve him together eith a 77 operator manedCHEMER. During the best few months some ten apparature instructors or 77 operators arrived in Holland. The control by the Germans of the organiser JOHARNES are of his substitute KALE, whose mission was similar to that of JOHARNES and comprised the ommanisation of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial of JOHARNES and control or notantial control of the score army, involved the control or notantial of JOHARNES and control or notantial of JOHARNES are still have falled into make a score than one conscion and to which on separate conscions Absolute TILL found different answers: JOHARNES was noticeally and his death was reported to 3.0.s. on the JOHARNES are the actual date of DOCUMERA arrest. There is, however, no reason at all to think that this vice is correct. What is probable is that if JOHARNES was arrested at this date, and his garest cannot have been later than that, JOHARNES gave away everything he knew the intent to the think the start of the bard to understand how the presumed death of JOHARNES could have been accepted in London without the continue the understand have been accepted in London without to continue the understand probable and of which he was the chief organiser, since to art upon the footier that a captured agent has not own broken is to court, not serely peril to all concerned, but disaster to the whole enterprise.

Thereafter the daties conferred upon JOMANNES by S.C.E. and the part assigned to him by the Abmohr were carried out in the tens of KALE. Unmards of twesty-five receptions were arranged ever KALE's T/T set and contact was maintained with London through CUCUMBER set form to the middle of July 1943.

In the meantime, however, the Abount had been proceeded with a further problem of a similar kind to that which had been dealt with on the recell of JOHALDED. In consequence of JOHALDED, desprearance MALE was asked by 5.0... to send to England some other person thoroughly well-informed about the progress of the secret organization. In the face of this requirement the Abount decided to so through all the notions of supplying such a person. On the one hand this would serve the variouse of alloying any suspicion which might be falt in London regarding the security of the 5.0.E. organization and on the other hand 3.0.a. could be made to disclose to the Germans, through DIGULBER, the methods by which agents could be evacuated from Europe.

On 14.3.43 3.0.2, were informed that MALE would send his chief assistant, who was called ATOM. Then asked for full particulars of ANTOM the recly was that AYOU was Nicolans da allow. Charlotte de Fourdonstrance 220, The Hame, born 5.10.03, The Germans perhaps made an error and took a risk in giving those particulars regarding ATOM. In fact to such person as Micolans be VILDE lived at 226 Charlotte de Mour chatrasse and steps had been taken to guard against the risk of any one maint sent to contact him at that address. Arrangements had been

and by EZISKETTER and EUPP mereby if any one should sell at that address, he should be told that do TILDE was away but would seturn in a few days. There is, is fact, a man called de WILDE working for ANTAILUNG III who was born about 1903; and when the momenty arms he should, and parking its play the part of ANTON. Not men S.O.E. decided to arrange for ANTON'S evacuation through Bolgium and Molland some one was found by the Germans to fill this cart, and he left Molland about 12.5.43 and travelled to Paris. We do not know the details of the arrangements now the found he took except that SHOAIBEAN was told to carry out the evacuation and it is soparent that that route and those who operated became known to the Germans. We know that the spurious ANTON was accompanied by a certain ANTAPO who has been an Abtellung IIIF agent since 1930 and who we also know was regarded by S.O.E. as a passeur of theirs having been notified to them by BROID-BEAN'S EAT operator (the German controlled set OCLF) as HOCAD.

On arrival in Parts ARGAND and AFRON made content, in accordance with directions given by \$.0.5. to SROWDELS, with another areat, MARCEL by name. It was impossible to evapose the party that moon and they had to mit a point. AFRAND and ABRON returned to Brussels for that parpose - a step which to the uninitiated appears unnexal - and on return to Faris they set the \$.0.5. agent, MARCEL, by appointent in a cafe. We know from MARCEL who subsequently arrived in this country that so some as he had sat down in the dafe with the others, three cases welders came is and started to areats the cares of those at the tack of the cafe. AFRAND said They have arrested AFRON gut up and walked out. ARRAND said They have arrested AFRON with a man in civilian clothes. Such was the sprount, riven by MARCEL when he arrived in this country, of AFRON a disappearance. A great deal of trouble was taken to decide whether AFRON had been arrested because he had been followed or whether it was sheer had luct as a result of a starp thack of identity cards. I great deal of trouble was taken to assess the dampers which would fall upon the organization as a result of this arrest, recard being had to the fact that AFRON, according to MARCEL, recard being had to the fact that AFRON, according to MARCEL, recard being had to the fact that AFRON, according to MARCEL, as any that AFRON was nothing but a Berman agent, and that AFRON was lying when he said that AFRON had been arrested.
ARRAND was lying when he said that AFRON had been arrested.
ARRAND was lying when he said that AFRON had been arrested. AFRON was nothing but a Berman agent, and that AFRON was been the said that AFRON had been arrested. AFRON was nothing but a Berman agent, and that arrest and sent back to the continent to fall into energy had been answered by the Abrent with consciousne arcees. So far were the man sho was reliable part and so far were or from understanding the Afron was after any that an open had a part of the arrest of the part of the produce of the produce of the pro

Indeed so great had been the species of the Dermans in carrying out this ruse that it may well have empouraged them to earry out an even more importanent and daring transaction. On this became on the request of 5.0.2. for sending to this operate on the request of 5.0.2. For sending to this operate army was anticipated by the Germans themselves who asserted to send a man in close touch with the C.D. Purthernors on occasion instead of chapting a fictitious instributal or an individual who on arrival here might be shown up as a German meent, there was chosen for the part a man against whom nothing adverse could be known in London and who believed himself to be, and was in fact, a bour lide particle a man, knoppers by many

shoes case miss he arrived in Encland aroused a creat Seal of interest and so little perturbation in our minds. ENOPPERS had been approached at the end of 1942 or the beginning of 1943 by the Abtellung IIIF agent, Val VLIET, who is referred to in the early part of this nate. ENOPPERS had been doing some resistance work and had been in contact the with a certain Johnsel to be a series of the contact of the co ROPFERT, when Vall VLIET, representing himself as a unmor of resistance, asked him if he might use EMOPPERS' address as a boilts-max-lettree. Thereafter EMOPPERS continued to see Vall VLIST regularly about once a mank until he finally left Holland. VAN This on his first sporoson, claimed to be morking for a General Minist and states that he had been commissioned by the Deneral to find out all he could about the requirements of secret organisations in Holland. He was in reseasation of what he alloyed were formed documents purporting to have been issued by the Gastapo on production of which he obtained frontier packed combling him to travel between Holland and Delgium on bohalf of the General. He saked EMOPPERS to assist him to this work and to obtain as wook information as he could regarding secret organisations to hand over to the General. This ENGIPERS agreed to do and got in touch with several organisations for this purpose. On 20th July 1943 VAR VLIST asked ENGIPERS, who had by then collected quite a volume of information and passed in to VAR VLIET, if he would travel to England and would return with instructions for these resistance organisations. As ENOPPERS understood it the idea was that several resistance norments needed op-ordination and central direction and official recognition and warport from London. This could be best obtained by sending an enlessary from Holland and securing his return as a limison of floor with London oredentials. The merit of wich a coursey from the point of view of the Germans do not need stress-In order to facilitate EMOPPERS' journey Abtailung IllF ing. In order to facilitate EMOPPLES' journey Actalians 1212 had already, through the instrumentality of BROADSLAF'S W/T set, made contact with London on the subject: and on 5.6.4) a message had been sent to London purporting to come from the agent BROADBEAN via another agent, DOLF, stating that the sender had come into contact with Colonel EOPPLES, a leading man of the O.B. He mished urganity to send over his best man for a few meaks. It was suggested further that he abould be sent over with the spirious into the MILDE. S.O.S. immediately gave their approval, ordered SHOADHEAV to make the arrangements for the journey and advised him that the new han (anoppess) should not come with ANTON DE WILDE but should be ready to leave alone in about 4 meets. S.O.E. would give further instructions. The Germans allowed almost precisely one mouth to page before sending a measure optensibly from COLY giving KNOFFERS' cover name and stating that he unwently required to leave masson as possible. In roply BECACHEAR was given a page word and an address to which KNOFFERS was to call. A week later on 15th July ENOFFERS had a moeting with VAN VIIIT at Ereda, there he was manage over to a so-called police inspector who tack him to Turmout where they again met VAN VIIIT who in turn took the to Turmout where they again met VAN VIIIT who in turn took Min to Termout where they again set VAN VILLY who in turn took MODFERS to a flat in Brussels. Ind days later a new passour turned up in the merson of HOLLEVOLT (who is considery identical with a character of that have known to have been marking on behalf of Abisilung II of Brussels in passing German agents to Paris an route for this country). HOLLEVOLT took VAN THET and EMOPPERS to Jewsont where EMOPPERS was handed over to AREAND while VAN VILLE and HOLLEVOLT returned to Brussels. MODPERS was held up in Darte for the market and was then brought by S.O.E. Characters over Paris for some masks and was then brought by S.O.S. Channels over the Pyreness to Spain. For the purpose of facilitating AlDPHRES mission, and also so doubt in order to build up ARNAND, KLOTTERS was provided with documents purporting to come from resistance circles. These comprised of a note to the Dutch or Emiliah authorities concerned, suggesting the desirability of establishing an escape route over which important Dutch intellectuals, incomtrialists and officials in Holland amo, without themselves acting

in a rash namer, had assisted in the sabotage of the Herman war effort, eight be get out of Holland: not necessarily to England but to some neutral country. For this purpose it was measured information should be obtained from ARSAID "who you know as the chief pressur for Belgium". There was slee included a memoranhus recarding resistance to Holland which made general statements about loyalist activities in Holland but no steplific information of any kind.

The German object in sending EMOPPERS to this country was defeated, not because of any inherent defeat, but because of what, from their point of view, was an unfortunate accident. Unfavourable, and possibly incorrect, reports had been received by the Datch in London regarding October ECOPPER. EMOPPERS: contact with October 1007ERT accordingly made him, to a limited extent, suspect. The fact that the message from UnCALDEAR stated that EMOPPERS was ECOPPERS's right-hand man, though incorrect in feet, further prejudices ESOPPERS in the eyes of those who had to interrogate him. ESOPPERS being suspect was not allowed to return to Holland; and then when investigation was still proceeding, information, which had been in respection of 5.1.5. for many months but which had not been distributed by them and which showed TAN VLIET to be, if not a German agent, at least himly suspect was brought to our potice. We came to the conclusion that EMOPPERS had been clambed on 3.0.5. by you TLIET and that BHOADERS was working under German control. ANIANO, however, escaped suspicion and the suspection that the 5.0.5. secape route from Paris onwards might have been blown was not accepted.

There are two points in connection with this enterprise to which it may be worth calling attention as indicating the fallibility of abteilung IIIF. In the first place, when EMOPPERS came to be interrogated, there was an indomistatency between his story of the origin of his mission and the account which SROAD-SEAD had given of him as right-hand man of Colonel MOPPERT. In the second place the timing was bad. The proposition put forward by BROADSEAR for the sending of KHOPPERS to this country was first put forward on 5.5.43, whereas KHOPPERS stated that it was not until the 20th of that month that he had been exceed to come to England; and then of course not by Colonel MOPPERS but by VAS WIET. It is curious to find these be mistakes being under, but the fact that they were made, may have prevented us from aporting the fact earlier that the mole arrangement had been made by the Germans. It could hardly be supposed, if the venture was being controlled by the Germans from above, that such clonely mistakes could have been made.

And had allowed to be in charge, one STEAK recruited in the field, and takes ANGER and on 1.7.47 EROACEAR to come with for the secret arry, as a substitute. According to 7415, and the field, and takes ANGER and on 1.7.47 EROACEAR to consider the field, and takes ANGER and on 1.7.47 EROACEAR the out STEAK to be in charge of evacuation, was told to being out STEAK to be in the field. The field that the secret law of the secret steak and the field to the field of the fiel

S.C.S. Organisation has been blown: or to adort sees other shi more subtle course. In fact they shorted a technique similar to that adopted when ATTON was called to London Dat Davried it to a further extress. Four succeivates, agents of Attellum INIF, were nowled for the four S.O.S. agents. They were DANES, HAROES, an unknown Frenchman, and one DE WILES, who was probably the man who had played a civilar role when a wabstitute has to be found for ATTON. Three of the four man were taken by Existrative by train to Faris where they not the fronth man. There they were handed over to ARRADO with instructions to find out by what route they would be evacuated from France.

ARRADO handed them were to a number of the TID escape organisation and the four wen, after being bandled by a number of sembers of this organisation, were taken to Permissions staying at VIC safe because on route. The last stage of the journey was in a lover across the frontier, Sefore they resched the frontier HARAER and DANES jumped off. A little later the Franchem jumped off and hailed a car belonging to the Feldrandarmerts showing his because their reports to ARMED. Subsequently S.O.Z. were informed their reports to ARMEDS. Subsequently S.O.Z. were informed by a maker of the VIC expanisation that the far arounts had been arrested in the Fyrances while attempting to escape. This was accepted as a saficient explanation of the failure of this, the third attempt, to bring to England some one who was fully informed regarding the organisation of the secret army.

The suspicion engendered by ENOFFERS, connection with Colonel FOFFERS prompted S.O.E. to enquire of BROADBRAN whether he know EOFFERS or VAN VILET. The Germans gave a reasouring reply stating that VAN VILET was only known to EOFFERS from conversations recarding ENOFFERS, journey but that VAN VILET was a collaborator of ARRADI. On November 7th 1943 following information which had been received from S.I.S. to that effect, OOLF was informed that VAN VILET was an enemy agent; a statement which GOLF roundly repudiated stating that these suspicions were unintelligible, that VAN VILET was a great patriot etc.

Value has indeed, with the knowledge of 3.0.2. here a consense that it may been, for the German point of view, fatal it he became known to be as German point of view, fatal it he became known to be as German point of view, fatal it he became known to be as German point of view, fatal it he became that it may be fare to be a German determined to have at part of the business of the tonion that the Cermans determined to have at part to rehabilitate View Tiles. It so happened that the 3.0.2. here the built at which the cerman determined to have a the selection of the should have free to a tone on 18.10.2 have the selection and be an item to have free the contact address which had been from to him is Brussle, which was none other than the address of a safe house of the View of View to the selection of a safe house of the View to the business of KNOPF has been a beful for the field. A solid may first and one can make the secretary of saidlines for his in that his srivel differed the the prorounity of saidlines for his in that his srivel differed the the prorounity of saidlines part. The op as attime his store to this country. On 8.11.63 APOLIO was taken to Frie by ARIAUS. The to the try in VIC safe houses and were both to be an open of the VIC country of the VIC safe houses and were both to be an open of the VIC safe houses and were both to be also to be an addressed to be his account of the VIC safe houses and corresponding to a safe the same anneal safe the safe and an ARIAUS returned to Paris, APOLIO travelling to Beats. AFOLIO brought a safery out a tiler triet. The might after APOLIO case fown, LL John Kennerd Hillest, a D.S.A. it may note a boarshop in Dorro where he set the safe and eventually taken to a boarshop in Dorro where he set the source of the claimed to

be a Datch of theer. DODD told BURST that he had been in the U.K. for three years and had recently returned by parasimute. We had gone to an address in Brossele, short he had been contacted by Van Ville. DOLD introduced BURST in Doors to a man the sent him to Tilbour. At Tilbourg a uniformed policemen took him to the frontier on a motor bioyole and then, after changing into civilian clother in a wood, the man tour him, travelling on bicycles which had been hisden for them in the wood, across the frontier to Turnhout. There SURST was not by VAN VIIST who motored him to Brussels and established him at the enfe house of most morning to to be an across the actioned him to Brussels and established him at the enfe house of man analysis. On 55,10.23 BURST was picted up by Louis DERRAY and taken to Charleroi. DEDRAY bribed the course on the Bulgian frantier and the two mon crossed on foot mear Joseph. There house much make given a false identity card by a scena and the, still with DEBRAY, taken to a railway junction (Aslanges) where they were met by ARRAUG who took BURST to Paris. In Paris BURST was put up and then takes by the VIO tessence, Junior, to Lyons.

The escape from the German concentration camp in which the S.C.E. agents contured in Holland were interned of the agents only and SPROUT in Amoust 1943 made it impossible for the Germans to continue with their deception unless these men coals be reconstructed. Both were ere fully amore of the true facts, both from the terms of their interconntion by the Germans and from their conversations with other captured agents. Furthermore capture had a transmitter mich the Germans had been playing back. So doubt in the hope that CHIFF and SPROUT sould not exceeded in leaving occupied territory, the Germanspropeded upon that footing and in fact continued to transmit on the CHIVE transmitter down to February 1944. CHIVE and SPROUT did, however, actually reach this country in February 1944 and at some stage too Germans because aware of this.

AUNTIALISE who was in charge of all the German-controlled J.O.E. 8/I sets, continued to play them all back until February 1948 and them closed the traffic by a message on all lines addressed to two S.O.E. officers by what in fact was their correct names, thunking them for their long subsal co-possition and promising them that if they came to the continent they would be received with the Same care as their agents; this course was adopted becomes EUSTERNALS thought that his false play must have been known to England since Sowenber 1943 beganse of the two agents who had except them.

Consent.

In patting the above story together some conditional incomplets to the question by far, and access to have been accessed from the london and. The story is a fair fillustration of the fact which is sometime contained, that accessors or anication in ageny, accusied territory is extractly vulnerable to panetration. If that renetration is existedly inner to the constration in ageny, and that an existedly inner to be panetration. If that renetration is existedly inner to the constration in and scorers for loss trained. These are inevitable that a fine in those who irrect the third high dist directed the individual and, if the tarrect is an indicated a data transfer the indicators. Risks west be run. The successions out trward are not designed, so to beak, to strike a belance between much case action in the one hard and faltering timinity and indecision on the other; but to ensure 80 for as possible that an expresse soon as that which was set afoot in colland are not designed by

That atrikes one first is that the volcerability of the organisation in Holland was apparently not appraisted; decoudly

that the brobable and possible implications of minir missage ages the accounty of the organization as a case were not non-sidered and thirdly that so stern were ever term by means of trad questions or otherwise to find out mether the correctors were no were not under postrol. Within a scattering the remander a containing both true and blust charles the traffin film has field relating to the evariation of Mioppens 1801F and miogramizal) only contain buff means, Now, although the use of a true check ought not to be taken as swinces that an agent is operating freely, persistent absence of the true check which, at least, to miss the precurption that the agent is unfer control. This inference was mover drawn. Incidentally it anys such for the quality of the agents sent to the field that they fid not appropriate was nover drawn. Incidentally it anys such for two quality of the agents sent to the field that they fid not appropriate was nover drawn. Incidentally it anys such for two quality of the agents sent to the field that they fid not appropriate the true of consisting Terms supplement activities to the Germans. Experience of consisting Terms appropriate activities to the persistent the agents were operating freely. Domiferation should also have been given to the possibility of Jülisines not having been tilled at once or to its naving river specifies not having been tilled at once or to its naving river specifies not having been tilled at once or to its naving river specifies not having been tilled at once or to its naving river specifies not having been tilled at once or to its naving river specifies that may dangerous and involved yiets but employed to easily have necessitated the abandantar of the ends and naving processes it was dangerous and involved yiets but simply because it was forestoned to failure.

Not only, however, does there ampear to have been a failure to look the facts againsty in the face but also a failure when completed had once been aroused to test those numberons. It sould not have been difficult to have put a few trick questions an the traffic with a view to sector whether the reaction was that which would be expected if the agent was not under control. In this commention it is worthy of notice that we know that some of the T/T operators who had been captures did not themselves operate on bubble of the Germans, their sets being taken over by the Germans for that purpose. So trick questions, however, seen ever to have been put even to the agents who were under sumptions.

Had the mole of the S/T traffic best under constant rovies in the light of all the known facts; had trick questions been put to the agents; had each mished been examined with a view to appreciating its consider smoltcations on the position of the others and the organization as a whole; above all had a record teem kept which set out in chromological order all the known facts regarding the exterprise and the compress from which such facts were known; a record which would have been readily available for consultation in considering all the stove matters; had all this been done then there is little doubt that the S.O.E. organization in Holland would not have not the fate which overcase it.

If it were possible there would be much to be east for an officer familiar with the difficulties of running a controlled transmitter to be sitting alongside those who were in contact with a V/F operator in the field. Short of that it is suggested that the traffic could be examined by such an officer from them to time. In any event it is submitted that it should be the primary duty of some efficer to examine and keep under constant observation all the hardenings in the field, as well as the wishaps, with a view to satisfying himself as to the true examiny resistion and advising those responsible for the offsmiss and ordinary. Those probabilions would, however, be of little usuall in the absence of a record or records in the form of a jumpal setting out all the known facts regarding the

organisation in the field as a whole and the characters taking part in the activities. The need for this is clearly illustrated by the case of ARNAUD who was accepted as an 3.0.E. passeur in the absence of any record which set out all that was known of ARNAUD and the circumstances of his recruitment: the fact that ARNAUD was one of the lynch-pins of the Abteilung IIIF penetration sufficiently illustrates the point.

DUTCH INVESTIGATION REPORT

A. INTRODUCTORY

- 1. In accordance with the directions contained in your ADP/24/0/643, I have now conducted the enquiry there defined, and, having reached the point at which no further investigation based upon material at present available in this country is likely to reach a more certain conclusion before the two Agents mentioned below have returned, I am making my preliminary report.
- 2. It is impossible either to assess the extent of the Enemy's penetration, or to form any conclusion as to its occasion or cause, without a detailed and comprehensive survey of the Operations of the Dutch Section during 1942 and 1943. For the cake of clarity, therefore, I have divided this Report into three parts:-

A. Introductory.

E. Survey of Operations during 1942 & 1943.

C. Conclusions; and six Appendices;-

Appendix 1. Diagram of Dropping Operations, ahewing only those Operations in which Agents were dropped.

Appendix II. Table of Distribution of Agents in the Field.

Appendix III. List of Real names and Pseudonyma of all Agents concerned.

Appendir IV. Summary of the facts relating to ANTON de WILDE.

Appendix V. Summary of the facts relating to SPINACH.

Appendix VI. Interrogation of SERGRANT.

Throughout this Report, Agents are referred to by their operational pseudonyms.

3. The material upon which the facts contained in this Report are based is as follows:-

Series of Class B. messages from Berne.

Operational and record files of the Dutch Section.

C.E. files - HE WILDE and BULL and THE O.D.; SERGEANT.

Verbal information provided by Dutch Section Officers.

I have received great assistance and the closest co-operation from Major Bingham and his staff. The Section records have recently been overhauled and a great deal of work has been done towards arranging them in proper sequence; but there still

are a number of give which I have found it impossible to bridge. For this reason was, for the reason that the Enemy controlled traffic has been so citifully worked that no one in A.E. could, without extransous information, have detected the deception, many details of fact are still obscure, and any conclusions drawn from these must be regarded an provisional until the return of the two Agents, and a capted only with the greatest reserve. I feel able, however, to draw conclusions upon the material of present available, and these are contained in Part C. of this Report.

5. The two A_cents from whom the information necessitating this investigation was received are -

Operational Name	Renl Rame	Alina	Meld Nume	To whom, with
CELTYE	Lt.Johan Bernard UEBER	UDEMA	LOUES	izriics 29. IX. 42 with CRESS
SPROUT	Sgt.Peter DOJELEIN	DIEFEN- BREGA	PAUL	MARSON 9. III. 43. with KOHLSABI and SEANALS.

6. There appears to be no doubt that these two Agents have in fact arrived in Switzerland, and in my view one must, for the purpose of this Report, accept the information given by them to the Dutch Information Sureau as correct.

They state as follows, -

- a) CHIVE wer dropped near Amerongen to a "IETTUCE" Reception Committee on 29.KL.42. He was immediately arrested, the Committee consisting of quislings, who handcuffed him and handed him over to the German S.D. He was taken to the Hague for interrogation lasting three days, and was then put into Hagran Concentration Camp.
- b) SPROUT was dropped near Ennels on 9. III. 43 to a "MARROW"
 Reception Committee. He had a similar experience, except
 that he was taken to Driebergen for interrogation lasting
 for over three weeks, and then was sent to Haaran.
- c) Both assert that the interrogators knew their Field names (LOUIS and FAJL) and were extremely well informed on S.O.E. Schools, How. and personnel, and repeatedly stated that they got their information "from inside".
- d) They also state that in November 1942 there were about 100 "British" Agents in the Camp, and that the number has now risen to shout 130.
- Botween them they identified the following S.O.E. Agents in the Camp. -

Operational Name	Real Name	Field Name	To whom, with and when dropped.
COLF	de MITE	DOLP, KRIS	PARSNIP with ERMADREAN 18, II. 43
TENNIS	de Willie	NOL	MARROW with ROCKET 18.11.45

Operational Name	Real Roma	Flold Name	To show, with and
LICCOCKI	RUMERS	Princi	THEATP with MUSTARD 28. XI. 42.
TRIMOTT	VUEKAAN	HAN	Stard with izrrude 28. XL-42
BEETE ZER	LANVERS	SPERIEZER	RLIND with CATARRE
OHOQUET	de BUEY	1,4380	MARROW with PMLO & SQUASE 22, V. 43
PARSLEY A.	it.Kies Eragaar	BEET CHALFORT HELFER Mr. GROENEVELD	CATARRE with RADISH 16. IL 43
ENDIVE	Sgt.Kleen van de BOR	HUEB	TURIOD 16. III. 43
HOCKET	Lt.Jon Kist	Wald Mr. Reuthema	MARGOW with TETNIS 18. II. 43.

- f) They further report that "all were caught mimilarly": I think that this cannot be taken as meaning that all were caught immediately on landing, for EMPLIZER and TRANFET both jumped blind, and I am natiofied that each of them with his Organiser (CATAPHE and LEFTUCE respectively) worked for some time in the Field before being cangut.
- g) LOUIS and PAJL escaped from Hauren on 29th August 1943, and arrived in Switzerland on 19th November 1943; they are now on their way to the U.K.
- 7. A vital factor is the precise date on which each of these agents first appeared in the Camp, and this cannot be ascertained until LOVIS and PAUL have returned. But accepting their story of their own capture as true, it must I think be assumed that:
 - The Agents who went with them to the same Committees were also at once arrested.
 - All Agents who went subsequently to the same Committees suffered a like fate.

These considerations permit the very latest date at which a Reception Committee, and therefore its Organiser, was still at liberty to be fixed, and also the minimum number of Agents and their names who must have been under arrest from the moment they arrived in the Field.

8. There is, however, a further consideration which as of great value. Nearly all the wireless truffic has continued right up to the present time; if, therefore, one finds in any given set of traffic the mention of the name of an agent who is now known to have been then under arrest, the particular

B. SURVEY OF DUTYER OPERATIONS DETAING 1942/1943.

1. Until the middle of the year 1942 the Agenta despatched to Holland had been Sebetage or Propaganda Organisers. I have seen no records of Operations prior to November 1941, and, in any twent, these are not material to this investigation. Between November 941 and June 1942 seven important and independent Sebetage Organisers were despatched to the Field all of whom, but one, were dropped blind. They were:

1-	CATARRH) (W/Op: EMERGIZER))	8,KI,41.
2.	LETTUCE (N/Op: TRUMPET)	26.III.42.
3.	TURKIP (W/Op: SWEDE (?)	28,111,42,
4a	IMPK (W/Op: HBCK)	5.IV.42
5.	CARFOT	27.II.42
6.	FOTATO (by sea route) (Organiser of Dutch end of forry service U.X./Holland)	19.IV.42
7+	PARSKUP (W/Op: SPINACH)	22.VI.42 dropped to

Of these CATARRE, LETTICE, TURNIP and PARSNIP all formed independent Reception Committees to whom other Agents were subsequently dropped: LEEK formed en independent Reception Committee b which he received containers mly, but LACROSSE was sent to him via CATARRE on 22.TV.43, CAROT and POTATO had no receptions; the former returned to the U.K. on 2.TX.43, having accomplished nothing. He was interrogated at Bayswater. The only part of his story which is f interest to the present investigation is that howas instructed to contact TL-MIP's wireless operator SMERE (?), failing him Tallapet, LIFT E'S Wireless Operator, and failing him Tallapet, LIFT E'S Wireless Operator, and failing him TURNIP himself. CAREOT reports that SMEDE was killed on landing, TRUMPET failed to keep the rendervous, and that, though TURNIP arrived at the randervous he was accompanied by a Gestape agent. The date of this occurrence is uncertain, but it was probably in May 1942. CARROT left Holland in September 1942, and arrived back in the U.K. via Switzerland on 2 September 1945.

CARROT was not in my view a resourceful agent, nor was his recollection good, but he was, I think attempting to tell the truth, and I accept his information as, in the main outlines, accurate.

The THRNIP traffic, however, continued throughout the year 1942, and ultimately advised that TURNIP had died of disease on 5.NIII.42.

2. In the first half of the year 1942 it was decided by the

S .E Dutch Section and the Du ob S '.E. that distant about social be as shipped occased i.e. and a promotion a futch communication known as "will be pro or " ", it is necessary to state we like to skywer of this orphion can before the ventions to seablish contact are communication.

The O.D. appears to have been an . It should developed spectime in 19a1, with the object to orming a shadow powerment of mainistration of process loyal to the Alice onne in dellard, who would not over the control of that country upon the expulsion of a section of as some FD cos. It was not appear that a literatual form it was in ended to corry on active resistance. Its countrication is entremely obscure and sectionly amorphous, one is at southful what are it even control than many sorry amountions at all. Both Agan 8, in the and like which were country to see about to the obligation of the leavest of the state of the advancely on the leavest, her upon their lock of the animally one their insocurity.

in he early part of 1942, it was thought in this country that a Military Branch, the Is. . I this because had been record: I have seen unable to ascertain upon what evadence this view was been, and have grove would whether such a Branch ave. existed.

A very large volume of training has, however, emented from the O.D. or from enother Organization in contact with it. The circumstances in which this training originates are septembered, and its contents, are possibleted as was conjucted, and its contents, are possiblety within the knowledge of S.I.S. Who have given S.J.B. very little information about it. As a as is known to occar, the channels of normalization appear to be as follows:

(a) The Surthern Houte - Courier.

This was started by an old gentlo an model within, who is suturn 19.2 organised a court and correct from soll in to Steekholm by two versels sailing of the person of the formal and the factor. We receive the courter from Jr. Janker. It as his interminary at Dolfard. The courter from collected by is 186, but withinks formal continuity at collected by is 186, but withinks formal continuity for the first passed via the factor. Since the actualized in the formal from the source has gone direct to fajor Soll S, the lumb of the factor likely and the factor. The lumb of the factor and the factor is the factor of the factor in the factor of the f

Since its inception the volume or this traific has swellen considerably with long reports and large numbers of addrephotos. At one time the traific was too large for the outer diplomatic bee, and the British bag was land for the overflow.

On the 30 July 1905, Major Shales verbally advised S. E. Dutch Scotlan that he had info mation by this courier that EmilANTJE and his Michoss Operator had been arrested, and that details of the Nort. In Route were in enemy hands.

(b) The "O.w. Line" - Wireless T-affic

In warch 1943 THANTOE storted to remaint to the o.e. by one of two octs which had been sent by 8.1.8. to Holland via Sweden, and enach, according to ini stantion from S.I.S. reached "the technical an of O.D." It has bandled very heavy trained, but I have no

knowledge of the contents.

7

5. It was the I.D. Branch of C.D. which the Dutch Anthorities and S. .E. Dutch Jection decaded to contact in the early part of 1962.

Accordingly on the 26.VI.42 MARROW and his Wireless Operator (same operational name) were dropped to a CATAPRI Reception commistee.

His mission was as follows:

- (1) To contact the landers of L.D. on a joint mission from the Daton toverrment and 3-0-5. $^{\rm M}$ $_{\odot}$

This preparatory regional organisation was known as "Phase A". The planning of the active resistance on D date, originally known as "Phase B", has not programmed beyond the stage of contemplation, as sufficient information has not been received from Holland to enable detailed plans for direct military assistance to be formulated.

(iii) To organise three or four Reception Committees for stores.

MARROW himself had had no para-military training, and it was proposed to replace him as seen as no had cerried out his mission by an Agent who had had such training. This Agent was KALE @ Biil.

- 6. The policy of S.O.E. Dutch Section during these Operations involved two major points:
- (a) That the Sabotage Groups should each be kept independent of the others and of the "Phase A" Group.
- (b) That Agents should, whenever possible, be dropped in numbers of more than one and always to deception Committees.
- As to (a), while every effort was made to keep the Agents of any Group segregated from those of another Group while they were in the Field, it did not prove to be possible to arrange that each Reception Committee chould only receive Agents belonging to its own Group. For instance CATA-SH (a Sabotage Organiser) received five Phase A Agents, and teo Sabotage Agents belonging to Groups other than his own, LETTUCE, a Sabotage Organiser) received four Phase A Agents and TURNIP two; while PARSHTP (a Sabotage Organiser) received two Escape Route Agents. MAHRON on the other hand received some but his own Agents.

This gross-reception was inevitable having regard to the relatively small area of Morland and the difficulty of finding suitable Reception Points. MAPROW a mission entailed the despatch to him of a large number of Agents all of which he could not possibly have received himself. The residue, therefore, had to be distributed among the Sabotage Reception Committees.

As to (b) both Major Rlissard (them head of 3.0.8. Dutch Section) and the B.B.O. were strongly in favour of Reception Consistees chiefly on the ground of the morals of the outgoing agents, and also because they considered that ascarity was unhanced by an agent having, immediately upon arrival, inhabitants of the country who could see him safely over the first critical days. The present head of the J.D.E. Datch Section, Major Bingham, is, and has been in the past, opposed to Reception Counttees, but he took over command of the Section in March 1943 with a heritage of this system which he could not immediately terminate. Since June 1943, however, the few agents who have gone to Holland, have been dropped blind, ant Major Ringham is determined to pursue this policy.

In the events as they have occurred, it has proved that Major Ringham was right, as the emjor factor in the whole-sals penetration by the Enemy has probably been the system of Reception Committees, but it must be borne is mind that this dystem has proved successful in other countries such as Pronos. Norway and Poland, and that the knowledge that an agent is to be received by patriots, who can initiate him into his life in the Field, greatly enhances his morals.

8. NA-ROW Traffic

MARROW's first signal was sent 1. WIII.42 five weeks after his arrival, which is a normal delay.

He himself received 9 Agents Organizer-Instructors and W/Operators, up to the end of the year, the last being CHRIMER A and E on 27. L.42, and two other Organizer-Instructors were sent to him via CATARRE and LETTICE respectively. In addition a Special Limiton Officer between the leaders of I.D. and the Dutch M.I. in London, PARSLEY, was sent via CATARRE on 24. IX.42, but was killed on landing; and, most important of all, EALE his successor came via LETTICE on the 26. IX.42.

During this period up to the end of October 1942 his traffic reported the following salient facts:

- (i) LVIII That all the contact addresses given him in his Mission were unsuitable, and that he was therefore making other arrangements for PARSIET.
- (ii) 18.VIII That the heads of 0.D. had been arrested and the Organisation partly dissolved, that it was interspersed with informers and mostly blown.
- (111) 50. IX That CAULTFLOWER had contacted him (he had arrived to LETTHES 24. IX)
- (iv) 17.K.- That MANGOLD (arrived to CATARES 24.II) had been entrusted with S. Galdarland.
- (v) 22. X. That CHINEY A, PENERIN and TOWARD A had all arrived safely (all sent to MARROW 21. X)

(vi) I.XI. - That CAULIPIOWER had now CELERI C (acrived to MARRIW 24.X) as MODERATOR.

(vii) J.XI - That the following W/Operators had been distributed as follows:

Arrived to NAMEDW 24-X-42 TOWATO C to Growingen
" " " 27 X-42 CUCHMER B " Brenthe
" " " 24-X-42 CRIENT C " N-Overljssel.

(viii) 3. M. 42 - MARROW's last Highel - That he had no news of Parsiry (A) (he was intended as VOperator to Parsiry and did not go to the Field till 16. M. 45).

SALE.

He arrived to IETTUCE with CAULIFICWER 24-11.42, and his Mission was to contact and ultimately replace MARROW. There is no direct evidence in the traffic of MARROW, KALE or GUCKHER that KALE microsoded in making the contact, but I think it must be assumed that he did, otherwise he would surely have advised it. C.

The whole of his traffic is of great importance, but it is best studied in two parts, the first during November and December 1942, the second during 1943.

MALE's first signal was that of 14.II.42 via LETTUCE W/Operator THAMPET, and reported the arrest of MARROW and his W/Operator on 9 XI.42.

On 14 and 17.XI.42 he sent two other Signals via TRIMPET advising that CAULIFLOWER was listening on his own set.

The next advice of this diseaser was from CUCHNEER, also win THIMPET, on 19. II.42, stating that MARROW and his W/Operator had been arrested and were both taken dead to the Mortuagy.

The CUCIMERSE traffic at this period then reported:

27-XI-42 - That the disaster was due to D/F, and that it was supposed that only the Signals sent on the day of the disaster were in Enemy hands.

L XII. - In abswer to a request from H.Q. for safe addresses for PARSLEY A and RADISH, the name of

J. de HEER & BERLIN & DENTIST Tendeerts ROCHUSSENSTRAAT 25 ROTTENIAN

was given. Medither S.I.S. nor M.I.5 have any adverse trace of this man.

MIT. - That the disaster happened on the 6.MI and that German D/F cere had been seen in the neighbourhood.

On 28. XI.42 BECCOLI was dropped to TERRIF (stated by CARROT to have been accompanied by a Gestapo man in May 1942) for KALE: the Circl manticm of his arrival however is in CUCIMBER 6. II.43 which advises that he is ready to start work.

10. Up to this point, i.e. December 1942, I think that the known facts point to KALE, CAULIFICANE and CHIMRE all being still at liberty, together with the three TMATOS and CHIMRE,

and Makabin, with all of whom EALE was no doubt in contact.

Sut on 29-XI.42 the LETTUCE Roce ptirm Committee to known to have been at Enough hands, because on that date CHIVE (with ORESS) went down to it and was immediately deptured.

and on (a,1,4) CHRMITER, or possibly fall via CHRMITER, made the following report by Signal that

CHIVE had been attached as W/Operator to COCUMENT A.

CRESS (Instructor Organiser) had been assigned to N. Limburg.

HESCOOLI had been attached to PROPER in S. Ideburg as Woperston

The mention of CHIVE and CHESS in this context, both of whom must have at the time been in the hands of the Enemy, above that at this date the CHEMMER set and almost certainly RAIE nimself were also in the hands of the Enemy.

11. On this basis it is reasonable to ensume that after 14.1.43, any agent mentioned as being in contact with KAIE, in the KAIE traffic (which thereafter continued via CUCHETER B. TCAITO C, and RECOOK!) was at that time in the hands of the Rhomy, for, although the Enemy would in most cases by control of the traffic get advance notice of arrivals in the Pield, he would scarcely risk using in the controlled traffic the base of any agent when he defailed to arrest. Further it is known that SERGOT who was dropped to MACROW on 9. HII.45, was arrested on landing, and it is therefore to be assumed that his companions and all those who cans subsequently to MACROW were immediately caught.

On this basis the following agents count be ensured from the KALE Traffic to have been under arrest by at the latest the following dates:

			When and to	whom dropped
5. III. 43	TOMATO B CUGALERER I	3	MARKEDIE	24. x. 42 27. X. 42
9.171.45	Korirabi Sprout Spakale	<i>\$</i>	71	9-111-43
J. IV. 43	CHEEK C		*	24-X-42
5- IV- 43	CELERY B		4 #	21. X. 42 24. X. 42
3. IV-43	TRINES			18.12.43
22.IV.43	GHERETH NETRALL	5	н	22. 17.45
6, 4, 43	HRIADERAM		PARSINTP	18,11,43
8.7.43	LACROSSE		CATARRE	22. 17.43
22.7.43	POID OROGUET SQUASE	}	MARROW	22.7.43

12. On the same bosis, and from the CUDIMER Traffic the following agents appear to have been arrested by the following dates at the latest:

- 100 AC CHO ARIONA				
		Then and	to show dropped.	
29. XI.42	AVTHD (REEA)	Perroga	29. XI. 42	
and consequently:	LETTUCE TRIAGRAT thouselves-			
144 I+43	BBDCCOLI	TURNE	28.31.42	
10.II.43	COCINEER B JELENY C TOMATO C	MARROW	27. X. 42 24. X. 42 24. X. 42	
	Tenato C		Studen Situ pler	
20. II.43	RADISH PARSLEY A	CATARRH	16.TI.43	
10. III. 4,5	SEAKAIZ) SENOUT) KOHISMET)	MARROW	9,711,43	
(9	PROUT Monowo to have be	an caught	on landing)	
20. VII. 43	MANGOTAD	MARROW	24. IY. 42	
2. VIII. 43	POMERN	н	21.X.42	

13. Further confirmation is obtained from a study of the minor traffic of:

A. METHATI who went with CHERKIN to MARROW on 22. IV. 43 after SPROUT had been arrested on landing to a MARROW Committee.

His traffic, which must have been Enemy controlled from the outset, starts on 27.VI.43 and ends on 12.VII.43, it mantions as free Agents CUCKHEER B and MANCOLD.

B. CHIVE - known to have been arrested on landing to LETTICS 29. II. 42.

His traffic, which must have been enemy controlled from the outset, starts on 15.1.43 and onds on 6.1.43; it mentions as free igents CRESS, who must have been taken with him, MANGOLD, SPROUT known to have been arrested on landing, TOLATO A and ACCEMBER A.

14. This Phase A Traffic was extremely well managed; without the evidence of CHT/R and SPROVT there is nothing in it calculated to arcuse suspicion. Indeed it contains some vary curious features which are hard to explain on the basis that it was controlled by the Enemy at the times spated above. These features are,

(1) KALE

(a) In April 43 KALE cont a long series of signals through CUCUMMER C, TOMATO 3 and BROCCOLI, giving an excellent and detailed report on the Phase A Organization. This Report gives the total strength at about 1250 instructed men, and divides the strength among the 17 Districts. It is in this Series that RECCOOLI spelt his Dutch key "prijs" in the German form of "preis".

in May RAIS made an adverse report on the o.o. vory similar to that made by MARGAT in the provious year.

The explanation may be that the known was connermed mainly to maintain our confidence in the Phase & regardration, and yet not t errors our suspicious by giving a view of the G. o. opposed to that of Mark W.

(b) The story of AFTEN do WILDE, which emerges from this 'raffio, is fully set out in Appendix IV, which contains a Summary of the facts, and an extract from the Interrogation at Supermitter on S. VII. 4 by myself of Mallink & ARCE, with show ANTON under the pseudonym of ADRAL, was twice in contact in Paris, and who was present at A.D.B. & alrest outside the sestement dos Capacines on 9. VI. 43. This story is one of the most difficult features of this case. I am nuite satisfied both that (ARCEL in genuine, and that his account of the events on 9 /I...) is a direct. further his description of APPON is not inconsistent with that sont over the KALE traffic, which is wholly inconsistent with the description of the Jerman agent MICOLAS do WILE. It is clear therefore that a Dutommen, who was not SINAS do WILE, was sent out of Molland wis the EmbaDNEA; GOLF line at a time when that Line is assumed to have been in Enemy hands, was arrested, whether genuinely or not, . Paris, and has not been heard of by J. . Z. again. When on the and to VI. . XALE was informed by H. . . of A Will's arrest, told to break all contact with im, and asked whother ANT N had ever been errested be bre, he replied - 17. WI.43 that ANTON had been Living Lilegally to excupe arrest for "assisting S.A.F. Plants to fly" and that KALE was sure that AND N would declare this as a reason for his attempt to escape from follind.

(c) On 16.VI.43 H. .. ordered Kall to return as he was argently required for consultation, and informed him that SR AD MAN was seing instructed concerning a new route. [ALE replied - 17.VI.43 - that he was preparing his departure for July and for an absence of some weeks.

On A.VII.53 Kild a gnalled wis RECOULT that MARKALD had full authority in his absence, and, on 9.VII.43, that friends in Zeeland had arranged for a motor lifeboat to transport him, as the journey through France took too long, and that he would start about 12.VII.43.

On 12.VII.45 a signal came from Kall via RETBALL that he was leaving the Mouth of the scholds at H. A. endnight (12.15 VII) and would set course for Broadstairs, and that the boat made 7 mots in cells water. On 16.VII.45 MarGOLD via RETBALL signalled that Kall plus three companions had left at H.W. On the night of 14/15.VII.43.

In point of fact R.W. at the mouth of the Schelds was at Outo 15.VII.43. At first light 0500 Pighter Command, at 0.0.8. request, had a petrol over the fiver. Fisibility is reported by Controller II Group to have been "unlimited" - the strongest word used to denote clear visibility. There was no sign of any oraft at all in the mouth of the giver; subsequent Air geometric that day also failed to make any contact with such a boat.

At first light the boat would have travelled 7 miles from its starting point and been easily seen in the visibility described. Had it been captured by the Knowy during the hour of darkness, it is hardly conceivable that MAN ALD, who signalised the departure, would not have known of it. In my view the reasonable inforence is that the boat never left, and that the story of KALE's departure was a fabrication by the knowy by which he very conveniently to himself "got rid" of KALE.

(LE) CHEVE

This traffic is small it started 15.1.43 and there is little significance in its contents, but the interesting thing about it is that it continued up to 6.X.43 long after CRIVE had escaped from the Concentration Camp (1.8. 29.VIII.43).

I do not think that the freezy would have risked continuing this traffic, had he known that CMIVS had regained his liberty, and I think that the most reasonable explanation is that the Commandant of the Commantation Camp, who would be bound to confess to the escape of CHIVE and SPHOUT, reported that they had been killed in the attempt to save his own skin.

There are many other indications in the traffic of the Phase & Agents, subsequent to the dates in parce 11 and 12, which, on the basis I have defined, show that the traffic was under control. It is not necessary to emmerste them in this Report, but I have notes of most of them if they are required.

6. SABOTAGE CERCULTS

The appreciation of the position of these is far more difficult.

The three chief Sabotage Agents (which were those first in the Field) were CATAMEN, LETUES and JUNIER. Subsequently LEEK and PARSKIP were sent. All of those were independent Sabotage Organisers, to all of whom assistants were subsequently sent ither by their own or other Reception Committees. With PARSHIP, CAMERAL, with LEEK, LACROSSE must also be considered. Of these CHIVE and SENDIF identified CATAMEN s NOperator, RESELVER, and LETTUCE s WOPErator, TRAFFET, as being in the Concentration Camp, as well as COLF who was sent to PARSKIP, and RECOURT and EMDIVE both sent to TURNIP.

17. The EMERICAL traffic, which started on 4.1.42, about 7 works after his arrival with CATARRA, is quite normal throughout; its last mignal being on 24.11.43. During 1942 it reported on 9.VIII.42 that WATERCESS had been shot on his arrest in carly July, and on 26.1X.42 that PARSIET sent to CATARRA 24.1X) had been concussed on landing, and, on 4.X.42, that he had died.

On 17.11.43 the safe arrival of PARSLEY A and RADISH was appropried.

On 7.IV.43 and 13.IV.45 EMPISIES signalled reports from POTATO that SPEKAH had been arrested on 2.IV.43 and that CARMAGE feared "treason out of Victory circles". Probably POTATO used RESENTER because SPENACH was his own 1/Operator.

In fact the last Signal over received from SPRIACH was on the 2.TV.43, it was indecipherable and terminated in a long emission as if the hand of the Operator had fallen on the kny. The full story of SPRIACH is in Appendix V.

However REMEZER was certainly arrested at some time and his traffic thereafter continued under control. There is on the 7.4.4) a mantion of APROUT, known to have been arrested on landing to MARROW on 9.III.4; but the context floes not antail any knowledge of APROUT's location or activities by the transmitter. Otherwise there is no suspicious feature in the whole of this traffic.

In September 19%, COSTER & SOCIER was sent to Holland to contact CATAREL/PRENEUR at an address of K. b. FRESER-COPINGS. Objects Place 69, Amsterdam, given by Signal of 27 VIII. %3 by EMERICAR as a place to which money could be sent. OCSTER succeeded in contacting CUPERUS twice, once in the street and once at his apartment. CUPERUS flatly denied every having been in contact with London, OCSTER become suspicious of him and returned wis Frence and Spain. He was interrogated at Bayesuter on 18, XI. 43.

But on 21.XI. FRENEZER, then certainly under control, aignalled that the address was still good. CUPERES may have been a boite aux lettres used by the Enemy only to receive money from us, and the reason that CUSTER was not errested may have been that it was not expected that we should need personnel there.

18. The PARSIET traffic began on 2. IV. 43 about 6 weeks after he had landed to CATASHH, and his last signal was on 5. XI. 43.

It gives a lot of Military Intelligence, which has proved to be good, e.g. on 28.7.43, in answer to an enquiry from M.Q. he gave details of the locality of the 55th Division, Marine Infantry on the Island of Walcheren, and of their H.Q. in Goes, and on October 1943 he gave an accurate account of the damage done during the air attack on the Dornier Works at Flushing. None of the information given, however, was of particular importance, or of a nature which the Enemy would consider that we did not know already.

19. Escape Route Agents

Pinally the traffic from the RECADERAN/COLF Escape Organization is very difficult to assess.

These Agents went together to PARSNIP on 18, II, 42 and first signalled on 24. III, 43; the traffic is still continuing. GOLF was identified in the Concentration Camp by the two Agents who escaped as long age as 29. VIII, 43.

It was through this line that both ANTON and the Agent now in custody, SERGRANT, were passed from Holland to Belgium. Further AFOLIO (STOKKERS) who was sent recently into the Field (18.1.45) and who had just (11.111.43) been reported to have arrived in Gibraltar, was passed by this Line.

The calient features of this traffic are as follows: -

On 29-IV-43 E.Q. instructed HEDADEEAN that KALS had a man wanted urgently, here and instructed REDADEEAN to get him to Paris.

In reply 30.IV.43 HECADESAN stated that everything had been received from BILL, and that "ADRIEN" (i.e. ANTON) would be brought over.

On 3.VL.43 EMDADERAN stated that he was in touch with a very important circle, and that it would probably be necessary for it to send a representative to the U.K.

5.VI-45 H.Q. replied we should be interested to see

5. VI. 43 ERDADIEAN reported he was in contact with Colonel KOPPERT, the "loading man of the 0.0." and asked permission to send him with ANYON.

On 5. VII.43 BROADMEAN stated that Kalk bissolf was roady to start on the 10th.

On 6. VII. 43 - The name of KOPPERT's representative in given as SERNAINT.

This man in fact arrived and has been interrogated both at Sayswater and by M. I. 5. He is now under arrest as a suspect, and will be subjected to further interrogation by M. I. 5. His interrogation at Bayswater is attached as Appendix VI.

On 12. VII. 43 ERCAMPSAN signalled that SESTEANY would probably be at his destination (i.e. Faris) on 15. VII.

GENCRANT himself says that he was passed across the Dutch/belgian Frontier on 12.VII.43 and went to Brusselo, where he stayed with VAN VIIIT, who is almost certainly a German Agent. At the Franco/Belgian border VAN VIIIT himself handed EMECRANT over to ARNAMD. SERCRANT reached Madrid on the 29.VIII.43 and London on 9.IX.

jt.VII - H.Q. informed EXOADHEAN that they wented two man (PIMPEIN and STEAK reported by CUCLMHER on 29.VII as ANTON's successor) out; EXOADHEAN himself to come with the first man, ARMAND with the second.

On 2. IX.43 EROADHRAN reported he had contacted PEMPAIN and would leave with him to-morrow.

Thereafter the traffic is carried on supposedly by GOLF (then certainly under arrest) alone.

On 10. IL.43 - GOLF reported that STRAK had started with ARNAUD's friends, and on 22. IK.43 that NANCOLD and OKCUMBER were leaving with ARNAUD's assistant that day for France.

During MERCEANT's interrogation here, anquiries were made of GOLF by H.Q., to which he replied:

13.X.43 - that he know nothing of ERGENT, as all had been arranged by BROADMEAN; that KOPPERT was unknown to him; and that VAN VLIET was a collaborator of ARMADD in Belgium, was not attached to any organisation "but had far-reaching relations" and knew KOPPERT "only from conversations concerning DERMANT's journey".

This is quite inconsistent with SERGEANT's own story that it was VAN VLIM who persuaded him to go to the U.K.

On 16. X.43 COLF advised that ARNAUD's assistant had left 22. IX.43 "with two friends".

On 19. L43 - H.Q. advised that aPOLIO (STOKKERS) and HEUTUS (COOR) had left for the Field on the night of the 18/19. L but that the aircraft had not returned.

These were two Agents who were dropped blind in Belgium with the mission of making their way over the Belgian/Dutch frontier and contacting the Clandestine Press. As in other occupied territory, this form of subversive activity is the most/and the least penetrated in Holland.

/Successful

21, K. 45 - MLP replied that so for he had no news, but had sent an assistant to Brussels to investigate.

On 21.K.43 H.Q. advised that EMMADHEAN had been arrested by "soldiers in mountains", i.e. Pyrenees.

This information had come from the VIC Escape Line, which had stated the four Dutchmon had been arrested in the Tyruness. R. q. took this to mean ERCADREAN, TRINIS, PERFERN and GOLP. It is an arremely pushing feature, as there is every reason to believe that the VIC Line is not controlled; however VIC himself recently arrived in this country and may be able to three light on this incident.

On 25-X-13 COLF reported contact with DENTUS, who stated that the aircraft had crashed near Colen, and that the pilot had been killed. BENTUS had become separated from AFOLIO and had lost all his gear. He had, however, made contact with Brussels and required immediate orders. And on 27.X. HENTUS' atrival in Holland was reported by COLF.

On 29. X. 45 GOLF adrised that AFOLIO had just arrived.

On 2.XI.43 - GOLF sent an urgent signal from ERUTUS that it was desperately imperative that APOLIO return to the U.K. as he had information of paramount importance.

The position therefore was that both APOLIO and BRITUS had been in contact with the operator of a set, whose operator sent out from this country is known at that time to have been under arrest. Nevertheless an Agent who is undoubtedly APOLIO is now in Gibralter awaiting return to this country.

H.Q. on 4 XI.43 gave COLF a Paris address for AFOLIO:

Wise FMEDIN 12, rue Peolet, Vaugirard, PARIS.

And on 7. XI. 43 H. Q. warmed GOLF of VAS VLIFT, and advised his elimination.

According to COLF's signal of 10.XI.43, APOLIO left for Paris on 6.XI. GOLF sloo stated he was entremely disconcerted to hear about VAN VLIET who had "serviced" APOLIO in Brussels.

This therefore is a second contact between APOLIO and a known Knewy Agent.

On 13.KT. GOLF signalled that ARMID refused to return, as he alone knew the connections to France, and did not see the necessity for his journey. Further "he also knows the percentage of blanks and prizes of such an enterprise and has an averagen to going the same way as others"; also he could not afford to abandon his lucrative private business.

On the same day H.Q. replied that they quite understood, and asked COLF to send another man, who could be briefed have and return immediately.

On 14-XI. COLF ment a most significant signal;

"As result investigations must say massicion VAN VANET absolutely unintelligible SYMP great patriot and test comrade but account exaggerating pompous fellow SYMP formerly supported C.D. but left that organisation after bad experience Good Rye".

On 17. KI.43 APRAID appears to have changed his mind, because GOLF now suggests a mosting between APRAID and an 5.0.E. emissary in Spain.

On 19-XI.43 GOLF reported that HREUS' friends had asked the Line to page a U.S.A.A.F. Officer, Captain Ruret, No. 6793742, and that he had been conducted to Brussels.

This officer has been identified as John Kenard Hurst.

The traffic from GOLP ends with an urgent appeal for money, especially Belgian.

It must be added that a message purporting to come from ERUTUS has been transmitted via 3.I.3. stating that he was suspicious of his % Operator, i.e. GOLF. I have not seen this, but have been informed of it vertally.

I have set out this traffic in considerable detail, as it is very perplaring if it is Enemy controlled, it is extremely well conceived.

20. Finally, a significant corroboration of the suspicion that there has been a wholesale capture of the S.O.Z. Dutch Organisations in the Field comes from S.I.S.

On 23.VI.43 a message was passed to S.O.E. said to have come over the 0.D. W/T Line:

"For Colonel de Bruyne eight parachutlets including DOULIN and DOUNE were arrested weeks ago. Gode key-word 'Friend Marius' is known'.

Further information was requested via S.I.S. and the reply, telephoned by Captain Seymour was:

"Information received from Hearen. Regret no further information available".

The actual text, which was seen such later by S.O.E. in Col. de Bruyne's office, to whom it had been passed by Captain Seymour, was:

*Information received from Hearen. This should be sufficient for Col. de Bruyne. Regret no further information available".

On 21-VII.43 Cuptain Seymour informed Mejor Bingham that a further message had been received from Smitserland by S-I.S.:

"Reliable Source recently arrived from Holland states on March 9th eight parachutists including a woman came down in Holland, but were immediately captured by the Enemy and put into prison at Haaran. One of these gave away Source and password which is 'I am friend of Marins '".